Year 6 Autumn Unit: The North and South pole

<u>Enquiry Question:</u> What are the similarities and differences between the North Pole and the South Pole?



Geographical Concepts: boundaries, cartography, change, climate, movement, physical geography, resources, settlements



<u>Retrieval Unit Vocabulary</u> adapted, area, climate change, continents, country, desert, latitude, lichen, longitude, moss, North Pole, region, sedges, South Pole, temperate, temperature, thermometer, vegetation

New Unit Vocabulary Arctic Circle - The Arctic

Circle is one of the two polar circles, and the most northerly of the five major circles of latitude as shown on maps of Earth

Nomadic - living the life of a wanderer with no permanent home Opportunistic - exploiting immediate opportunities Permafrost - a thick subsurface layer of soil that remains below freezing point throughout the year Scarcity - in short supply Tundra - a vast, flat, treeless Arctic region Camelot Primary

A map showing the two polar regions



There are deserts at the North Pole and the South Pole called the Arctic Desert and Antarctic Desert.



An example of permafrost

Primary Focus - Locational Knowledge In this unit, Year 6 will learn to

•identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones.

Secondary Focus - Geography Skills and Fieldwork

In this unit, Year 6 will learn how to

• use maps, atlases, globes and digital/ computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.

The lines of latitude and longitude, including the Prime Meridian line.



Camelot Primary School Geography Knowledge Organiser 2022-2023 Autumn Unit