<u>Retrieval Vocabulary</u> past

New Unit Vocabulary

Destroyed - to damage something beyond repair Diary - a book someone writes in daily about their life Event - a thing that takes place Historian - a person who studies History Monarch - the King or Queen of a country Source - a piece of information that provides evidence A map showing the spread Enquir

of the fire.





A painting of London from the Stuart period and a photo of London today.

Enquiry Question: Why did the Great Fire of London destroy so much of London?

Historical Concept: causation

<u>Key Unit Facts</u>

Year 2 Spring Unit: The Great Fire of London

•The Great Fire of London started on Pudding Lane, London on the 2nd September 1666.

•At the time, Charles II was King of England, Ireland and Scotland.

•Strong winds, poor firefighting equipment and a dry summer allowed the fire to spread quickly.

•Houses were built close together and made from flammable materials, such as wood, straw and pitch. To stop the spread of the fire, houses were pulled down.

• The River Thames stopped the fire spreading South. The fires stopped just before the Tower of London.

•Samuel Pepys wrote about the fire in his diary, which is still used as a key historical source of information to understand the events of the Great Fire of London.







